

## OUR BEEF ALL RIGHT

Serious Charges  
Are Promptly  
Met.

## TUBERCULOUS MEAT NOT COMING HERE

Official Refutation of a Libel in the  
Butchers' and Stock-Grow-  
ers' Journal.

Some weeks ago the Advertiser received a paper called the Butchers' and Stock Growers' Journal, which displayed the charge, under huge headlines, that tuberculous meat from Baden, Cal., was being shipped to Honolulu. There was evidence of untruth in the article, and instead of printing it, this paper turned over the matter for investigation to W. T. Monsarrat, the local meat inspector. He sent a transcript of the article in the Butchers' and Stock Growers' Journal to the Department of Agriculture at Washington, getting this reply from D. E. Salmon, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry:

W. T. Monsarrat, Esq., Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands:  
Dear Sir:—Replying to your letter of the 16th ultimo, it appears to me that the typewritten article which you send as coming from the Butchers' and Stock Growers' Journal of Saturday, February 2, 1901, bears on its face the evidence of being a biased if not a libelous publication.

This department has inspection at the abattoir of the Western Meat Company, and had at one time inspection at several other abattoirs in the vicinity of San Francisco. The other abattoirs requested the withdrawal of inspection, on the ground that they only killed for local consumption, but presumably because they preferred not to have condemnation of carcasses which they handled. The Western Meat Company is, I understand, run by eastern capital, and there has been a bitter fight by the local slaughter houses to prevent their carrying on a successful business. The article which you forward has the appearance of being a part of that fight. I have not been to San Francisco, but it has been represented to me that the greater part of the old cows go to the smaller slaughter houses, which accords with what I know of the slaughtering business in other cities.

I see no reason to suppose that the refrigerating process as applied by the Western Meat Company differs in any respect from that applied by other abattoirs, or that there is any reason to suppose that the meat loses its nutritive qualities and becomes absolutely dangerous to human health because of their method of refrigerating. This, on the face of it, is not a plausible statement. The reference to the alleged deadly experience of our army in Cuba with embalmed and refrigerated meats is the resurrection of an old lie which was exploded by the careful investigation of the War Department.

The allegation that "Government inspectors are liable to strange changes in their inspections when the plethoric purse has been passed around to their ever itching palms" is also a libel, and one which, so far as I know, has no facts to support it. The reference to "a flagrant case of supplying tuberculosis beef" is, I believe, equally untrue. When the case was tried a piece of beef was brought into the courtroom which was alleged to have been inspected by government officials, and a meat inspection tag was placed upon it. The piece of meat with the tag was photographed, and the photograph was widely distributed by interested parties. The photograph plainly showed, however, that the tag was not attached to the beef, but was simply laid upon it, and was of no value whatever as a means of identification. We attach inspection tags with a wire and lead seal, and of course the seal must

be intact in order to show that the meat was inspected. I endeavored to get evidence at the time to show whether or not the meat referred to could be identified as having come from the Western Meat Company's house, and as being inspected meat, and I was satisfied that no one had any evidence demonstrating this fact, and that the probability was it was meat which was purchased at some of the smaller places where there was no inspection.

The concluding sentence, reading, "It is a notorious fact that inspectors who did their duties honestly and honorably have been promptly discharged from that branch of the service," is a falsehood. This department has done everything in its power to establish and maintain an honest and reliable inspection, and it has stood by its inspectors in every case where they appeared to be right, even if the strongest influences were brought to bear against them. Very respectfully,  
D. E. SALMON,  
Chief of Bureau.

NO WONDER JERSEY IS FOND  
OF 'EM.

"We will be very glad to incorporate the new steel company," said a New Jersey official to a Pittsburgh manufacturer. "It means a nice little bonus for the State. We will get just \$220,000 for the incorporation, to say nothing of an annual tax of \$58,750. Oh, politicians may talk about the killing influence of trusts, but they are adding much to New Jersey's financial strength."

## SCHOOL HOME FOR THE CHINESE YOUTH.



FEW words with reference to the origin and history of this institution may be of interest to those who are already our friends, and others whom we would be glad to add to this honored list. "Mills School," as it was at first called, was originally opened in the fall of 1892 as a "school-home for Chinese youth." Had we waited for a formal opening, sought a board of trustees, endeavored to place everything on an exact and proper basis, the school might never have been started. As it was, all ceremony was dispensed with. Six bright young fellows "knocked at the door" of the old Parsonage on Chaplain lane, to find a welcome awaiting them there, and from that day to this, some nine happy, and, we trust, fruitful years, the work has gone on. A room was found for them, then another was added and another, and at the end of the first year we had fifteen promising students with us. During these nine years between two hundred and fifty and three hundred young men and boys have been connected with the boarding department. The majority of these have been Chinese, though several of our most promising pupils have been Japanese. A large number of day scholars have also been trained here. The school was named after Samuel J. Mills, and his niece, Mrs. Julia Mills Dagon, who for so many years brightened with her

presence the home where this work began. Mills was one of the founders of the American Board of Missions and helped to give the impetus to the Foreign Missionary movement in the United States, which is being felt all round the world. Of him it has been truly said, "He lived for India and Hawaii and died in the service of Africa." Hence in these far-away islands of the Pacific, to which his thoughts so often turned, it was felt that there was an appropriateness in giving his name to this new undertaking. Year by year generous gifts have come from loyal friends to help forward the work of the institute, which is only partially self-supporting. Two commodious and airy school and dormitory buildings have been erected, one called "Montague Hall" and the other "Morrison Hall." The average attendance in the boarding department is about sixty. The ages of the students vary from ten to twenty years. All the household work, care of school grounds, kitchen and dining-hall work, is done by the pupils. The effort has been to give a training which should be at once practical and stimulating, physically, mentally, spiritually. Our young men have gone forth to be an honor to the institution. Their presence is already being felt in many departments of life in these islands, and we believe that the influence of the school will yet be felt in the great empire beyond the seas. In Chi-

nese the school is styled the "Chun Chun Shu Shat," or "Seeking for Truth Institute." Our motto is "Onward and Upward." Grateful for aid in the past we look to our friends for further help in the future. It is an investment which we believe will bring splendid returns. Here is a glorious opportunity of aiding in the great work of bringing Christianity to scores and possibly hundreds of those who may, in God's providence, in turn become the helpers and leaders of their respective races. Asia needs young men alive with Christian zeal trained to a large extent, though not wholly along the lines which have been the glory of the Anglo-Saxon race. Hawaii needs them in this crucial, formative period in her history. It is a matter of no small importance that here, on this frontier post of Christianity, entrusted with a message of supreme importance, we are brought face to face with the representatives of two great Asiatic peoples at a most critical period in their history. Not only here in our mid-ocean territory, and in awakened Japan, and in awakening China, but to all the world, must we give an account of our stewardship. These young men gathered in this institution, largely from non-Christian homes, but on whose hearts the light of a fairer and better day is beginning to dawn, make a most eloquent appeal to the sympathies of all Christians.—The Student.

## FIRMS THAT WILL COMPETE

Business Houses Which Will  
Take Part in Boys Brig-  
ade Entertainment.

The following firms have agreed to pay \$25 to the Boys' Brigade for the privilege of competing for one of the twenty numbers on the program of the advertising tourney to be given May 25 in the Opera House: Lewers & Cooke, E. O. Hall & Son, Metropolitan Meat Company, Fred. T. E. Waterhouse, for the National Cash Register; Pacific Hardware Co., Wilder & Co., Union Feed Co., Hawaiian Electric Co., The Washington Mercantile Co., California Feed Co., H. Hackfeld & Co., Hobron Drug Co., Bailey's Honolulu Cylinders Co., H. F. Wichman, Bruce, Waring & Co., The Kash Co., M. Phillips & Co., Jas. F. Morgan, Ashley & Paris, Hart & Co., The Hawaiian Fertilizer Co., Lewis & Co., B. F. Ehlers & Co., J. Hopp & Co., E. W. Jordan, Henry May & Co., Whitney & Marsh, Benson, Smith & Co., The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co., (Clinton

J. Hutchins, agent); Davey Photo Co., Honolulu Photo & Supply Co.

The change from the drill shed to the Opera House was effected without difficulty. The executive committee found that the best results would obtain by the tourney being given in the Opera House because the seating arrangements are better and the stage is better fitted with appliances for carrying out the different numbers on the program. A committee was also appointed at a meeting held in J. P. Cooke's office to take charge of the entertainment. Another committee was appointed to get up the program.

There will also be lantern slides displaying the names of all persons who have been instrumental in making the Boys' Brigade possible in Honolulu, both in the past and at the present time. Views will also be projected on the drop curtain of the boys of the Brigade at work in the shops, on their playgrounds and at their various vocations.

The committees are all hard at work and are meeting with success at every hand. The business houses respond generously to the request to enter the tourney and patronesses who were recently named will soon commence an active campaign in the interests of the cause.

## TWO-THIRDS IN TENEMENTS.

According to the report of the New York tenement house commission, just published, of the 3,437,292 inhabitants of New York city, 2,372,073, or more than two-thirds, live in tenement houses, as these houses are defined by law.

## Up-Town Book Store

Notwithstanding a general assortment of

## Books and Stationery

in stock, we are expecting shortly a replenishment in many lines of

Staple Goods,  
Card Board,  
Papeteries, Tablets,  
Lunch and Tally Cards,  
Plain and Crepe Tissues,  
Typewriter Supplies,

with other things useful and ornamental.

Headquarters for the  
Hawaiian Annual

and other books pertaining to these islands.

## Thos. G. Thrum

Stationer and Bookseller.  
Brewer's block. 1063 Fort St.



## Box Papers

of good quality continue to find favor with people of good taste and judgment, and we invite their inspection of our line.

It includes all the most approved shades and styles, at prices ranging from 25c a box upward.

SEE THE LINE NOW DISPLAYED  
—AT—

Wall, Nichols Co., Ltd.  
KING STREET

Inter-Island  
Telegraph

On and After the 2nd of March

Messages in plain language will be accepted for transmission between the places mentioned below:

HONOLULU, Oahu.  
KA LAU, Molokai.  
MAUNALEI, LANAI and LAHAINA, Maui.

The charge for such messages will be at the rate of 20 cents per word of 15 letters (minimum charge, \$2.00) until further notice.

When telephone connections are available messages may be handed to the telephone company to be forwarded to destinations other than those mentioned above.

In other cases special messengers may be employed.

The cost of special delivery is not included in the charge of 20 cents per word. If the cost is known it must be paid by the sender when the message is handed in. If unknown, it must be paid by the addressee when the message is delivered.

Honolulu Office, Magoon Bld'g  
UPSTAIRS.

## For Rent

THE LARGE TWO-STORY HOUSE on corner of Alakea and Union streets, belonging to Dr. J. H. Raymond, and at present occupied by Dr. Galbraith. A moderately equipped DOCTOR'S OFFICE of four rooms, and fronting on Alakea street, is located on the same premises.

Possession given about May 1.  
For information, apply to HENRY WATERHOUSE & CO. 5539

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